## Two Truths and a Lie: Designing Data Visualizations that Mislead

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## Visuals Summarize Complex Arguments



## Visuals are associated with logical and scientific thinking, ergo trust (Cairo, 2019)

Distribution of COVID-19 cases as of 19 March 2020
yos World Health
Organization


[^0]Not applicable

- Word Heath Omanization 2020 All $\quad$, 5,000

https://scitechdaily.c om/images/COVID-
19-Coronavirus-
Map-March-I9.jpg


## And Circulate Quickly on the Internet

https://www.dailymail.co.uk/news/articl e-8336989/Georgia-health-department-accused-manipulating-coronavirus-data-downward-trendcases.html

## Top 5 Counties with the Greatest Number of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases

The chart below represents the most impacted counties over the past 15 days and the number of cas table below also represents the number of deaths and hospitalizations in each of those impacted cou



## $\bullet$

Designing charts

- X-axis
- Y-axis
- Pie charts
- Trendline


## ©

Uniting visual and verbal elements to create meaning

## 3

Understanding and manipulating data to tell a story


Collaborating with classmates via technology (Teams, Excel)

## Learning Objectives

| Anicle |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Misrepresenting |  |
| COVID-19: Lying |  |
| With Charts |  |
| During the Second |  |
| Golden Age of Data Design |  |
| Sara Doan' |  |
| Abstract <br> In this second golden age of data design, digital affordances enable the news media to share occasionally misleading charts about COVID-19. Examining mislead viewers: (a) by displaying inadequate data, (b) by manipulating scales and visual distance, and (c) by omitting contextual labels needed to fully understand a chart's message. This article provides takeaways for technical numbers consistently, and humanizing COVID-19's effects. |  |
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| Keywords <br> visual rhetoric, data visualization, COVID-19, ethics, humanizing visuals |  |
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Cetting Smarter about


## Preparing to Create Charts

I. In pairs, download "Fictional Humane Society

Data" from "Datasets" in D2L
(Provide students with a simple dataset)
2. Open the file in Excel
3. Save your Excel file as
"yournames.fictionalhumane.charts"
4. Generate three charts based on this data.
5. For one chart, use visual strategies to lie about the data.
6. Upload your charts to "Humane Society Charts" in "Assignments" on D2L
7.As a class, we'll guess which charts are accurate and which misrepresent the data


## Thank you!

Instruction about creating and interpreting charts and graphs increases students' data and visual literacies.

## References

Cairo, A. (2019). How charts lie: Getting smarter about visual information (Ist ed.).
W.W. Norton.

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Yau, N. (20I3). Data points:Visualization that means something. Wiley \& Sons.


[^0]:    Dota Source: Wortd Heolt Orgenization
    Mop Production: WHO Heolth Emergenciet Progromm

